



# The Federation of Cowick and Pollington-Balne CE Primary Schools



## PSHE (Personal, Social, Health Education) Policy

(including statutory Relationships and Health Education and our position on Sex Education - RSHE)

| Document Status                                               |                               |                |                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Date of Next Review                                           | September 2026                | Responsibility | FGB                                                                                 |
| Date of Policy Creation                                       | February 2025                 | Responsibility | EHT                                                                                 |
| Date of Governors' Meeting at which Policy Adopted / Reviewed | 14 <sup>th</sup> October 2025 | Responsibility | Chair of Govs                                                                       |
| Method of Communication                                       | Website, Server               | Signed         |  |

This policy will be reviewed annually.

### Policy in Brief

- The teaching of RSHE is statutory in primary schools
- Our RSHE curriculum is taught alongside our PSHE curriculum using the Jigsaw bought scheme
- The policy was created with reference to a number of statutory and guidance documents including the Church of England document 'Flourishing for All' (2024)
- We follow a whole school approach to PSHE / RSHE
- Parents have the right to withdraw their children from sex education
- Links to science and RE
- DFE guidance

*This document has been adapted from: Jigsaw, The Mindful Approach - PSHE (Personal, Social, Health Education) Policy (including Relationships and Health Education statutory from September 2020, and our position on Sex Education) Church of England Schools, Edition July 2020.*

# Growing Stronger Together

## Statement of intent

At The Federation of Cowick & Pollington-Balne, we will provide age-appropriate relationships and health education (RHE) to all pupils as part of the school's statutory curriculum. Our schools aim to assure parents and pupils that all aspects of RHE will be delivered in a safe space, allowing time and compassion for questions at a level that every pupil understands. Sensitive topics relating to RHE will be delivered in a sensitive manner as part of a whole-school approach where parents and teachers work in partnership.

RHE is compulsory in all primary schools in England. The key topics applicable for all key stages have been carefully planned in consultation with responses from parents, young people, schools and experts. Parents are given the opportunity to discuss this policy at any time and staff will be provided with accurate training and further resources to deliver lessons to pupils.

We understand that pupils must be provided with an education that prepares them for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of adult life. A key part of this relates to relationships education, which is required to be delivered to every primary-aged pupil. Primary schools also have the option to decide whether pupils are taught sex education. At the Federation of Cowick & Pollington-Balne, we have decided, through consultation, to offer sex education at an age-appropriate level. Hence, this policy pertains to RSHE.

Relationships education focusses on giving pupils the knowledge they need to make informed decisions about their wellbeing, health and relationships, and ensures can talk to a trusted adult if there is anything worrying them. Health education focusses on equipping pupils with the knowledge they need to make informed decisions about their own health and ensures they receive factual information about the changes they will experience emotionally and physically during puberty.

We understand our responsibility to deliver a high-quality, age-appropriate and evidence-based relationships, sex and health education (RSHE) for all our pupils. This policy sets out the framework for our RSHE curriculum, providing clarity on how it is informed, organised and delivered. Any sex education included within the curriculum consists of age-appropriate content which covers how babies are conceived and how they are born. Sex education does not go above and beyond the focus of reproduction. State-funded primary schools are also required to teach health education.

### **PSHE**

At the Federation of Cowick and Pollington-Balne CE Primary Schools, we teach Personal, Social, Health Education as a whole-federation approach to underpin children's development as people and because we believe that this also supports their learning capacity.

The Jigsaw Programme offers us a comprehensive, carefully thought-through Scheme of Work which brings consistency and progression to our children's learning in this vital curriculum area.

The overview of the programme can be seen on the school website. In both schools, we teach most of the PSHE / RSHE curriculum on a 2 year cycle, with the exception of the 'Changing Me' unit in years 3 and 4, where each year group is taught discretely every year.

This also supports the “Personal Development” and “Behaviour and Attitude” aspects required under the Ofsted Inspection Framework, as well as significantly contributing to the schools’ Safeguarding and Equality Duties, the Government’s British Values agenda and the SMSC (Spiritual, Moral, Social, Cultural) development opportunities provided for our children.

### **Statutory Relationships and Health Education**

“The Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019, made under sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017, make Relationships Education compulsory for all pupils receiving primary education...They also make Health Education compulsory in all schools except independent schools. Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education (PSHE) continues to be compulsory in independent schools.”

DfE Guidance p.8

“Today’s children and young people are growing up in an increasingly complex world and living their lives seamlessly on and offline. This presents many positive and exciting opportunities, but also challenges and risks. In this environment, children and young people need to know how to be safe and healthy, and how to manage their academic, personal and social lives in a positive way.”

“This is why we have made Relationships Education compulsory in all primary schools in England...as well as making Health Education compulsory in all state-funded schools.”

“In primary schools, we want the subjects to put in place the key building blocks of healthy, respectful relationships, focusing on family and friendships, in all contexts, including online. This will sit alongside the essential understanding of how to be healthy.”

“These subjects represent a huge opportunity to help our children and young people develop. The knowledge and attributes gained will support their own, and others’ wellbeing and attainment and help young people to become successful and happy adults who make a meaningful contribution to society.”

Secretary of State Foreword DfE Guidance 2019 p.4-5

“Schools are free to determine how to deliver the content set out in the DfE guidance 2019 in the context of a broad and balanced curriculum. Effective teaching in these subjects will ensure that core knowledge is broken down into units of manageable size and communicated clearly to pupils, in a carefully sequenced way, within a planned programme of lessons.”

DfE Guidance p.8

“All schools must have in place a written policy for Relationships Education and RSHE.”

DfE Guidance p.11

Within the Federation, we value PSHE as one way to support children’s development as human beings, to enable them to understand and respect who they are, to empower them with a voice and to equip them for life and learning.

We include the statutory Relationships and Health Education within our whole-school PSHE Programme.

To ensure progression and a spiral curriculum, we use Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE, as our chosen teaching and learning programme and tailor it to the children’s needs. The mapping

document: Jigsaw 3-11 and statutory Relationships and Health Education, shows exactly how Jigsaw and therefore our school, meets the statutory Relationships and Health Education requirements.

This programme's complimentary update policy ensures we are always using the most up to date teaching materials and that our teachers are well-supported.

Our PSHE policy is informed by existing DfE guidance:

- Keeping Children Safe in Education 2025 (statutory guidance)
- Respectful School Communities: Self Review and Signposting Tool (a tool to support a whole school approach that promotes respect and discipline)
- Behaviour and Discipline in Schools (advice for schools, including advice for appropriate behaviour between pupils)
- Equality Act 2010 and schools
- SEND code of practice: 0 to 25 years (statutory guidance)
- Alternative Provision (statutory guidance)
- Mental Health and Behaviour in Schools (advice for schools)
- Preventing and Tackling Bullying (advice for schools, including advice on cyberbullying)
- Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools (advice for schools)
- The Equality and Human Rights Commission Advice and Guidance (provides advice on avoiding discrimination in a variety of educational contexts)
- Promoting Fundamental British Values as part of SMSC in schools (guidance for maintained schools on promoting basic important British values as part of pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC))
- SMSC requirements for independent schools (guidance for independent schools on how they should support pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural development).

It is also aligned with the Church of England's "Flourishing for All" 2024.

The Jigsaw Programme is aligned to the PSHE Association Programmes of Study for PSHE.

### **Mental health and well-being**

In our schools, we are committed to supporting the mental health and wellbeing of our pupils, staff, and community. Our aim is to foster an inclusive, nurturing environment where everyone feels safe, supported, and valued. We believe mental health is as important as physical health and is integral to our ability to flourish, as articulated in our Christian vision and values of Love, Peace, Hope, Respect, Friendship and Forgiveness. We promote mental health through a whole-school approach, integrating strategies for emotional wellbeing into our curriculum, daily practice, well-being days and our ethos. Our school seeks to build resilience, develop emotional literacy, and provide early intervention for those experiencing mental health difficulties.

### **Roles and responsibilities**

The governing board will be responsible for:

- Playing an active role in monitoring, developing and reviewing the policy and its implementation in school.

- Appointing a link governor for RSHE who supports the school and monitors any aspects of RSHE included within the SDP.
- Ensuring all pupils make progress in achieving the expected educational outcomes.
- Ensuring the curriculum is well led, effectively managed and well planned.
- Evaluating the quality of provision through regular and effective self-evaluation.
- Ensuring teaching is delivered in ways that are accessible to all pupils with SEND.
- Providing clear information for parents on subject content and their rights to request that their children are withdrawn.
- Making sure the subjects are resourced, staffed and timetabled in a way that ensures the school can fulfil its legal obligations.
- Ensuring the religious ethos of the school is maintained and developed through the subjects.
- Creating and keeping up-to-date a separate written statement of this policy and ensuring the statement is published on the school's website and provided free of charge to anyone who requests it.
- Ensuring that all staff receive ongoing training on issues relating to PSHE and RSHE and how to deliver lessons on such issues.
- Ensuring that all staff are up to date with policy changes, and familiar with school policy and guidance relating to RSHE.

**The executive headteacher / head of school will be responsible for:**

- The overall implementation of this policy.
- Ensuring adequate time on school timetable to deliver RSHE as a statutory curriculum subject.
- Providing support to staff members who feel uncomfortable or ill-equipped to deal with the delivery of RSHE to pupils; for example, if staff do not feel that their training has been adequate or that aspects of the curriculum conflict with their religious beliefs.
- Ensuring that parents are fully informed of this policy and the RSHE resources are available to parents beforehand.
- Reviewing requests from parents to withdraw their children from the subjects.
- Discussing requests for withdrawal with parents.
- Organising alternative education for pupils, where necessary, that is appropriate and purposeful.
- Reporting to the governing board on the effectiveness of this policy.

- Reviewing this policy on an annual basis.

**The RSHE subject leader will be responsible for:**

- Overseeing the delivery of the subjects.
- Ensuring that staff values and attitudes will not prevent them from providing a balanced RSHE in school.
- Providing the agreed vocabulary to be used during the lessons to ensure a consistent approach.
- Ensuring the subjects are age-appropriate and high-quality and up-to-date.
- Ensuring teachers are provided with adequate resources to support teaching of the subjects.
- Ensuring the school meets its statutory requirements in relation to the relationships, and health curriculum.
- Ensuring the relationships and health curriculum, as well as any optional sex education, is inclusive and accessible for all pupils.
- Working with other subject leaders to ensure the relationships and health curriculum complements, but does not duplicate, the content covered in the national curriculum.
- Liaising and working in partnership with parents and carers to support further conversations at home and to share the resources ahead of teaching upon request.
- Monitoring and evaluating the effectiveness of the subjects and providing reports to the headteacher.

**The SENCO will be responsible for:**

- Advising teaching staff how best to identify and support pupils' individual needs.
- Advising staff on the use of TAs in order to meet pupils' individual needs.
- Ensuring that the needs of vulnerable pupils are taken into consideration in designing and teaching these subjects.

**The appropriate teachers / staff members will be responsible for:**

- Delivering a high-quality and age-appropriate relationships and health curriculum in line with statutory requirements.
- Using a variety of teaching methods and resources to provide an engaging curriculum that meets the needs of all pupils.
- Ensuring they do not express personal views or beliefs when delivering the programme.
- Modelling positive attitudes to relationships, sex and health.

- Responding to any safeguarding concerns in line with the Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy.
- Acting in accordance with planning, monitoring and assessment requirements for the subjects.
- Liaising with the SENCO to identify and respond to individual needs of pupils with SEND.
- Working with the RHE subject leader to evaluate the quality of provision.

**Parents are responsible for:**

- Enabling their children to grow and mature and to form healthy relationships.
- Supporting their children through their personal development and the emotional and physical aspects of growing up.
- Ensuring that they are aware of aspects of the curriculum, including when it is going to be delivered and the content.
- Supporting their children's personal, social and emotional development, by working with the school to create an open home environment where pupils can engage, discuss and continue to learn about matters that have been raised through school PSHE.
- Seeking additional support in this from the school where they feel it is needed.

## Organisation of the curriculum

Every primary school is required to deliver statutory relationships education and health education. The delivery of the relationships education and of health education coincide with one another and will be delivered as part of the school's [PSHE curriculum](#).

For the purpose of this policy:

- **“Relationships education”** is defined as teaching pupils about healthy, respectful relationships, focussing on family and friendships, in all contexts, including online.
- **“Health education”** is defined as teaching pupils about physical health and mental wellbeing, focussing on recognising the link between the two and being able to make healthy lifestyle choices.
- **“Sex education”** is defined as teaching pupils about developing healthy sexuality, and will cover issues, beyond those covered in the science and health curricula, that will be determined in response to the needs of the relevant cohort.

The school is dedicated to ensuring our curriculum meets the needs of the whole-school community; therefore, the curriculum is informed by issues in the school and wider community to ensure it is

tailored to pupils' needs. For example, if there were to be a local prevalence of specific sexually transmitted infections, our curriculum would be tailored to address this issue.

The school will consult with parents, pupils and staff in the following ways:

- [Questionnaires and surveys](#)
- [Focus groups](#)
- [Meetings](#)
- [Training sessions](#)
- [Newsletters and letters](#)

Any parent, teacher or pupil wishing to provide feedback about the curriculum can do so at any time during the academic year by:

- [Organising a meeting with the Executive Headteacher / Head of School.](#)
- [Emailing the admin teams.](#)
- [Submitting written feedback / responding to surveys](#)

*What do we teach when and who teaches it?*

*Whole-school approach*

Jigsaw covers all areas of PSHE for the primary phase including statutory Relationships and Health Education. The table below gives the learning theme of each of the six Puzzles (units) and these are taught across the school; the learning deepens and broadens every year.

| Term             | Puzzle (Unit)          | Content                                                                                                                                    |
|------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Autumn 1:</b> | Being Me in My World   | Includes understanding my own identity and how I fit well in the class, school and global community. Jigsaw Charter established.           |
| <b>Autumn 2:</b> | Celebrating Difference | Includes anti-bullying (cyber and homophobic bullying included) and understanding                                                          |
| <b>Spring 1:</b> | Dreams and Goals       | Includes goal-setting, aspirations, who do I want to become and what would I like to do for work and to contribute to society              |
| <b>Spring 2:</b> | Healthy Me             | Includes drugs and alcohol education, self-esteem and confidence as well as healthy lifestyle choices, sleep, nutrition, rest and exercise |

|                  |               |                                                                                                                                       |
|------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Summer 1:</b> | Relationships | Includes understanding friendship, family and other relationships, conflict resolution and communication skills, bereavement and loss |
| <b>Summer 2:</b> | Changing Me   | Includes Relationships and Sex Education in the context of coping positively with change                                              |

At the Federation of Cowick and Pollington-Balne, we allocate at least 1 lesson (45min-1hour) to PSHE each week in order to teach the PSHE knowledge and skills in a developmental and age-appropriate way.

These explicit lessons are reinforced and enhanced in many ways:

Assemblies and collective worship, praise and reward system, Learning Charter, through relationships child to child, adult to child and adult to adult across the school. We aim to 'live' what is learnt and apply it to everyday situations in the school community.

Staff deliver the weekly lessons to each class / year group.

## Relationships education overview

### Families and people who care for me

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- That families are important for them growing up because they can give love, security and stability.
- The characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives.
- That others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care.
- That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up.
- That marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong.
- How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed.

### Caring friendships

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends.
- The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences, and support with problems and difficulties.
- That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded.
- That most friendships have ups and downs, but that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right.
- How to recognise who to trust and who not to trust.
- How to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable.
- How to manage conflict.
- How to manage different situations and how to seek help from others if needed.

### Respectful relationships

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- The importance of respecting others – even when they are very different from them, make different choices, or have different preferences or beliefs.
- Which practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships.
- The conventions of courtesy and manners.
- The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness.
- That in school and wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority.
- About the different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders to report bullying to an adult, and how to seek help.
- What a stereotype is, and how they can be unfair, negative or destructive.
- The importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults.

### Online relationships

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- That people sometimes behave differently online, including pretending to be someone they are not.
- That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online, even when we are anonymous.
- The rules and principles for keeping safe online.
- How to recognise harmful content and contact online, and how to report these.
- How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information.
- The risks associated with people they have never met.
- How information and data is shared and used online.

## Being safe

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- What sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others – including in a digital context.
- About the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults.
- That it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe.
- That each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact.
- How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter, including online, who they do not know.
- How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult.
- How to ask for advice or help for themselves and others, and to keep trying until they are heard.
- How to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.
- Where to seek advice, for example, from their family, their school and other sources.

## Health education overview

The focus of health education at primary level is teaching the characteristics of good physical health and mental wellbeing.

### Mental wellbeing

By the end of primary school pupils will know:

- That mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.

- That there is a normal range of emotions, e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise and nervousness.
- The scale of emotions that humans experience in response to different experiences and situations.
- How to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings.
- How to judge whether what they are feeling, and how they are behaving, is appropriate and proportionate.
- The benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, and voluntary and service-based activity on mental wellbeing and happiness.
- Simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family, and the benefits of hobbies and interests.
- How isolation and loneliness can affect children, and that it is very important they seek support and discuss their feelings with an adult.
- That bullying, including cyberbullying, has a negative and often lasting impact on mental wellbeing.
- Where and how to seek support, including recognising the triggers for seeking support, extending to who in school they should speak to if they are worried about themselves or others.
- That it is common to experience mental ill health and, for the many people who do, the problems can be resolved if the right support is made available, especially if accessed early enough.

## Internet safety and harms

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- That for most people, the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits.
- About the benefits of rationing time spent online.
- The risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices.
- The impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing.
- How to consider the effect of their online actions on others.
- How to recognise and display respectful behaviour online.
- The importance of keeping personal information private.

- Why some social media, some computer games and online gaming are age-restricted.
- That the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health.
- How to be a discerning consumer of information online, including understanding that information, inclusive of that from search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted.
- Where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online.

## Physical health and fitness

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- The characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle.
- The importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this, for example by walking or cycling to school, a daily active mile, or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise.
- The risks associated with an inactive lifestyle, including obesity.
- How and when to seek support, including which adults to speak to in school, if they are worried about their health.

## Healthy eating

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- What constitutes a healthy diet, including an understanding of calories and other nutritional content.
- The principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals.
- The characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating, including obesity, and other behaviours, e.g. the impact of alcohol on health.

## Drugs, alcohol and tobacco

By the end of primary school, pupils will know the facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking.

## Health and prevention

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- How to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss or unexplained changes to the body.
- About safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer.

- The importance of sufficient good-quality sleep for good health, and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn.
- About dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist.
- About personal hygiene and germs, including bacteria and viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of hand washing.
- The facts and science relating to immunisation and vaccination.

### Basic first aid

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- How to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary.
- Concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries.

### Changing adolescent body

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- Key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes.
- About menstrual wellbeing and key facts relating to the menstrual cycle.

### Health education per year group

The federation is free to determine, within the statutory curriculum content outlined in [‘Health education overview’](#) section, what pupils are taught during each year group.

The schools always consider the age and development of pupils when deciding what will be taught in each year group. The schools implement a progressive curriculum, in which topics are built upon prior knowledge taught in previous years as pupils progress through school, with a view to providing a smooth transition to secondary school.

All pupils must be taught the aspects of sex education outlined in the primary science curriculum – this includes teaching about the main external parts of the human body, how it changes as it grows from birth to old age, including puberty, and the reproductive process in some plants and animals.

The schools are free to determine whether pupils should be taught sex education beyond what is required of the national curriculum. At our schools, we do teach pupils sex education beyond what is required of the science curriculum.

Parents are fully consulted in the organisation and delivery of our sex education curriculum, in accordance with the [‘Organisation of the curriculum’](#) and [‘Consultation with parents’](#) sections of this policy. Parents are given the opportunity to advise on what should be taught through sex education.

The age and development of pupils is always considered when delivering sex education.

## Relationships Education

### ***What does the DfE statutory guidance on Relationships Education expect children to know by the time they leave primary school?***

Relationships Education in primary schools will cover 'Families and people who care for me', 'Caring friendships', 'Respectful, **kind** relationships', 'Online **safety and awareness** relationships', and 'Being safe'.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and Statutory Relationships and Health Education.

It is important to explain that whilst the Relationships Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Relationships Education, some of the outcomes are also taught elsewhere in Jigsaw e.g. the Celebrating Difference Puzzle helps children appreciate that there are many types of family composition and that each is important to the children involved. This holistic approach ensures the learning is reinforced through the year and across the curriculum.

Parents should also be aware that The Church of England's Education Office is reviewing *Flourishing for All* in light of the DfE's statutory RHSE guidance (July 2025), ensuring all past and future sections align with government expectations.' This policy will be updated to reflect these changes / review.

## Health Education

### ***What does the DfE statutory guidance on Health Education expect children to know by the time they leave primary school?***

Health Education in primary schools will cover 'Mental wellbeing', 'Internet safety and harms', 'Physical health and fitness', 'Healthy eating', 'Drugs, alcohol and tobacco', 'Health and prevention', 'Basic First Aid', 'Changing adolescent body'.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and Statutory Relationships and Health Education.

It is important to explain that whilst the Healthy Me Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Health Education, some of the outcomes are taught elsewhere in Jigsaw e.g. emotional and mental health is nurtured every lesson through the Calm me time, social skills are grown every lesson through the Connect us activity and respect is enhanced through the use of the Jigsaw Charter.

Also, teaching children about puberty is now a statutory requirement which sits within the Health Education part of the DfE guidance within the 'Changing adolescent body' strand, and in Jigsaw this is taught as part of the Changing Me Puzzle (unit). It is up to schools to decide in which year groups this is taught.

Again, the mapping document transparently shows how the Jigsaw whole-school approach spirals the learning and meets all statutory requirements and more.

## Sex Education

*The DfE Guidance 2025 (p.12) states Sex education is not compulsory in primary schools, but we recommend that primaries teach sex education in years 5 and/or 6, in line with content about conception and birth, which forms part of the national curriculum for science. The national curriculum for science includes subject content in related areas, such as the main external body parts, the human body as it grows from birth to old age (including puberty) and reproduction in some plants and animals. Schools may also cover human reproduction in the science curriculum, but where they do so, this should be in line with the factual description of conception in the science curriculum. that all primary schools 'have a sex education programme tailored to the age and the physical and emotional maturity of the pupils.*

Across the Federation, we believe children should understand the facts about human reproduction before they leave primary school so. We have agreed to begin teaching about menstruation and puberty from Year 4.

We define Sex Education as how are bodies change and grow and the understanding of human reproduction.

### **Relationships and Sex Education at the Federation of Cowick & Pollington-Balne CE Primary Schools**

Teachers have a professional duty to ensure that RSHE is taught within the agreed values framework of the school and that their own values do not influence the teaching of RSHE. However, the ethos within the Federation is distinctively Christian and this ethos will provide the context within which all personal development takes place. This means that Christian attitudes and values will underpin the need to develop a child's self-esteem, self-awareness and sense of moral responsibility and will permeate the whole curriculum.

### **Who is responsible for teaching RSHE?**

Across the Federation, all staff bear a shared responsibility for teaching RSHE since, by definition, teaching opportunities could arise at any time, for example at playtimes. However, focused RSHE sessions are led by class teachers as part of the PSHE and science curriculum. In Year 5, the school nurse covers what happens during puberty and how the children's bodies change. Everything the school nurse teaches is included in the Science National Curriculum for Year 5. In Year 6, the school nurse helps the children to develop their understanding of how to manage changes which happen during puberty. The children are also shown a 'Busy Bodies' film which explains how babies are made and are given the opportunity to ask questions about this. Parents are informed of this prior to it taking place and given the option to watch the film, to ask any further questions and to withdraw their child from the aspect which relates to how babies are made.

### **The Relationships and Sex Education Programme**

The Federation of Cowick and Pollington CE Primary Schools, the teaching of RSHE is an integral part of the PSHE and Citizenship curriculum within a healthy schools context. It is also taught partly through science and elements of it form part of the Religious Education Curriculum.

The National Curriculum (2020) is underpinned by a stated belief that education is a route to spiritual, moral, social, cultural and physical development and therefore, a route to the wellbeing of the individual. The RSHE elements of the National Curriculum Science Orders are mandatory across all key stages.

Within the programme for RSHE for the Federation, and in line with guidance from the DCFS for primary aged children, three main elements are covered:

- attitudes and values
  - recognising basic feelings of being happy, sad, frightened and angry;
  - being able to make friends and talk with them, sharing thoughts and feelings;

- learning the importance of values and individual conscience and moral considerations;
  - learning the value of family life, marriage, and stable and loving relationships for the nurture of children;
  - learning the value of respect, love and care;
  - exploring, considering and understanding moral dilemmas;
  - developing critical thinking as part of decision-making.
- personal and social skills
    - learning to manage emotions and relationships with confidence and sensitivity;
    - developing self-respect and empathy for others;
    - learning to make choices based on an understanding of difference and with an absence of prejudice;
    - developing an appreciation of the consequences when choices are made;
    - managing conflict;
    - learning to recognise and avoid exploitation and abuse, and use simple safety rules.
  - knowledge and understanding
    - learning and understanding physical development at appropriate stages;
    - understanding human sexuality, reproduction, sexual health, emotions and relationships;

At primary school level sex and relationship education should contribute to the foundation of PSHE and Citizenship by ensuring that all children:

- develop confidence in talking, listening and thinking about feelings and relationships;
- are able to name parts of the body and describe how their bodies work;
- can safeguard themselves and ask for help and support; and are prepared for puberty.

### **How does RSHE link with the science curriculum?**

RSHE links closely with the following areas of the science curriculum:

#### **Key Stage 1 (Years 1& 2)**

- knowing that babies and pets have needs;
- understanding that humans and animals can produce offspring and that these grow into adults;
- recognising the similarities and differences between themselves and others;
- recognising and naming the external parts of the human body;

#### **Key Stage 2 (Years LKS2 Y3&4; UKS2; Y5 &6)**

##### **LKS2**

- understanding the life processes common to humans and other animals;
- knowing the main stages of the human life cycle;

##### **UKS2**

- learning and understanding physical development at appropriate stages, including understanding the physical and emotional changes that take place during puberty, why they happen and how to manage the process;
- learning and understanding the facts about the processes pregnancy and birth;
- knowing that safe routines can lessen the spread of viruses including HIV.

### **How does RSHE link with the Religious Education curriculum?**

Children are taught Religious Education from the East Riding of Yorkshire Agreed Syllabus for RE and through the Understanding Christianity Framework. SRE links underpin many units of work across both key stages.

### **How is RSHE taught through the Federation?**

As for any other subject area in the Federation, teaching strategies are varied and chosen to meet the particular needs of the children, based on formative assessment.

Children are taught RSHE through Jigsaw, in their mixed aged class groups. If necessary, activities will be adapted to meet individual needs. Children in Years 5 and 6 will be taught together and where necessary, will have the opportunity to take part in question and answer sessions in single gender groups however, it is important that both boys and girls understand the changes that occur to the developing bodies of both sex and therefore the content of what is taught will be broadly similar. We also use the NSPCC resources, including the PANTS campaign.

Outside agencies will be involved when additional professional or specialist support is considered to be of benefit to the children's understanding of particular topics. This is usually the school nurse who works with children in Years 5 and 6 during the spring or summer term. Parents are informed of this before the nurse's visits.

### **Parents' right to request their child be excused from Sex Education**

"Parents have the right to request that their child be withdrawn from some or all of sex education delivered as part of statutory Relationships and Sex Education" DfE Guidance p.17

The Federation of Cowick and Pollington CE Primary Schools, puberty is taught as a statutory requirement of Health Education and covered by our Jigsaw PSHE Programme in the 'Changing Me' Puzzle (unit). We conclude that sex education refers to Human Reproduction, and therefore inform parents of their right to request their child be withdrawn from the PSHE lessons that explicitly teach this i.e. the Jigsaw Changing Me Puzzle (unit) e.g.

Year 5, Lesson 4 (Conception)

Year 6, Lesson 4 (Conception, birth)

The schools will inform parents of this right by letter or on the school App before the Changing Me Puzzle is taught.

### **Opportunities to teach safeguarding**

Further to the prescribed curriculum for RHE, teaching will focus on safeguarding and preventative education

The school will ensure that, as part of relationships education, pupils are taught about how to keep themselves and others safe, including online.

Education will be tailored to the specific needs and vulnerabilities of individual pupils whilst taking account of pupils who may be victims of abuse and pupils who have SEND.

Preventative education will be adopted as a whole-school approach that prepares pupils for life in modern Britain and creates a zero-tolerance culture for sexism, misogyny/misandry, homophobia, biphobic and sexual violence or harassment.

The federation will have a clear set of values and standards which will be underpinned by the Positive Behaviour Policy and pastoral support system, as well as by a planned programme of evidence based RHE curriculum.

The teaching of safeguarding and preventative education will be fully inclusive and developed to be age and stage of development appropriate.

### **Monitoring and Review**

The governing body monitors this policy on an annual basis. The governing body gives serious consideration to any comments from parents about the PSHE (RSHE) programme, and makes a record of all such comments. Governors scrutinise and ratify teaching materials to check they are in accordance with the school's ethos.

### **Equality**

#### **This policy will inform the school's Equalities Plan.**

The DfE Guidance 2025 (p. 7) states, " Primary relationships education should be anchored in an understanding of positive relationships, but should also equip children to keep themselves and others safe, and to recognise and report risks and abuse, including online. This can be delivered by focusing on boundaries, privacy, and children's rights over their own bodies and personal information. Pupils should be able to recognise emotional, physical and sexual abuse. Even very young children can be equipped to understand what counts as abusive behaviour and to trust their instincts about behaviour that doesn't feel right. In addition, pupils should understand about bullying, and that this can include the use of derogatory terms relating to sex, race, disability or sexual orientation.' .

The Church of England, 'Flourishing for All' document states: 'Every school is required to keep each of its pupils safe and should protect all its members from harm and enable them to flourish. The impact of this extends to the adults in the school and also to those in the wider community. In a Church of England school this will require 'special attention to the marginalised...' 57, ensuring that the voices of those who are most vulnerable are listened to, acted upon and centred in all decision-making processes. Schools must do this lawfully, following the Equality Act and Public Sector Equality Duty, and utilising the advice of government and the inspectorate, to ensure that legal requirements are met. They must ensure they provide physical and psychological safety, which enable the high-quality learning all our pupils need to take place. Part B of Flourishing for All – Anti-bullying Guidance for Church of England Schools deals specifically with how to protect from harm pupils who are (or perceived to be) lesbian, gay or bisexual as well as those who are gender questioning and those who may have already socially transitioned.<sup>58</sup> It also looks at how to deal with bullying towards lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender adults within a school's community. Throughout the document, we will speak about 'LGB/GQ pupils' (lesbian, gay, bisexual and/or gender questioning) or 'pupils who are (or perceived to be) LGB/GQ'. This follows the language used by the Department for Education in 'Keeping Children Safe in Education (2024)'. <sup>59</sup> In recognition that gender reassignment remains a protected characteristic in the Equalities Act 2010, we refer to adults in the document as LGBT+ or transgender. This document also acknowledges that some pupils are bullied because they appear to be LGB/GQ, and some adults because they appear to be LGBT+, regardless of whether that is in fact accurate.

The Federation promotes respect for all and value every individual child.

We also respect the right of our children, their families and our staff, to hold beliefs, religious or otherwise, and understand that sometimes these may be in contrast with our approach to some aspects of Relationships, Health and Sex Education.

For further explanation as to how we approach LGBTQ+ relationships in the PSHE (RSHE) Programme please see:

‘Including and valuing all children. What does Jigsaw teach about LGBTQ relationships?’

Jigsaw PSHE documents needed to explain this policy:

- Jigsaw 3-11 and statutory Relationships and Health Education (mapping document)
- Including and valuing all children. What does Jigsaw teach about LGBTQ+ relationships?
- How does Jigsaw PSHE support the Church of England Principles and Charter in relation to RSHE?

## Relationships Education (Primary) – DfE Guidance 2025

The focus for primary relationships education should be on teaching the skills and knowledge that form the building blocks of all positive relationships, supporting children from the start of their education to grow into kind, caring adults who have respect for others and know how to keep themselves and others safe. The references R3/H5 etc can be cross-referenced on the Jigsaw mapping documents and Puzzle Maps to show which lessons throughout Jigsaw contribute to which statutory outcomes. All statutory outcomes are covered in the Jigsaw 3-11 Programme.

The guidance states that, by the end of primary school:

|                                            | <b>Pupils should know...</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>How Jigsaw provides the solution</b>                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Families and people who care for me</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• R1 that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability.</li><li>• R2 the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives.</li><li>• R3 that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care.</li><li>• R4 that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up.</li><li>• R5 that marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong (Marriage in England and Wales is available to both opposite sex and same sex couples. The Marriage (Same Sex Couples) Act 2013 extended marriage to same sex couples in England and Wales. The ceremony through which a couple get married may be civil or religious).</li><li>• R6 how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed</li></ul> | <p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Relationships</li><li>• Changing Me</li><li>• Celebrating Difference</li><li>• Being Me in My World</li></ul> |
| <b>Caring friendships</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• R7 how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends</li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

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|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• R8 the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties</li> <li>• R9 that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others and do not make others feel lonely or excluded</li> <li>• R10 that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right</li> <li>• R11 how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help and advice from others, if needed</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Respectful, kind relationships</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• R12 the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs</li> <li>• R13 practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships</li> <li>• R14 the conventions of courtesy and manners</li> <li>• R15 the importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness</li> <li>• R16 that in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority</li> <li>• R17 about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help</li> <li>• R18 what a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive</li> <li>• R19 the importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults</li> </ul> |                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Online safety and awareness</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• R20 that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not.</li> <li>• R21 that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships,</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Relationships</li> <li>• Changing Me</li> </ul> |

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|                   | <p>including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• R22 the rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them.</li> <li>• R23 how to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met.</li> <li>• R24 how information and data is shared and used online.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Celebrating Difference</li> </ul>                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Being safe</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• R25 what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context).</li> <li>• R26 about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe.</li> <li>• R27 that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact.</li> <li>• R28 how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know.</li> <li>• R29 how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult.</li> <li>• R30 how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard,</li> <li>• R31 how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.</li> <li>• R32 where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources.</li> </ul> | <p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Relationships</li> <li>• Changing Me</li> <li>• Celebrating Difference</li> </ul> |

## Health and Wellbeing (Primary) – DfE Guidance 2025

Health education in primary starts with the benefits and importance of physical activity, good nutrition and sufficient sleep, and supports pupils to develop emotional awareness. Schools should emphasise the relationships between physical health and mental wellbeing, and the benefits of physical activity and time spent outdoors. As in all of RSHE, care should be taken to avoid exposing pupils to concepts which are not appropriate for them. By the end of primary school:

|                         | Pupils should know                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | How Jigsaw provides the solution                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Mental wellbeing</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• H1 that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.</li><li>• H2 that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations.</li><li>• H3 how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings.</li><li>• H4 how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate.</li><li>• H5 the benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental well-being and happiness.</li><li>• H6 simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests.</li><li>• H7 isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support.</li><li>• H8 that bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental well-being.</li><li>• H9 where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental well-being or ability to</li></ul> | <p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Healthy Me</li><li>• Relationships</li><li>• Changing Me</li><li>• Celebrating Difference</li></ul> |

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|                                    | <p>control their emotions (including issues arising online).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• H10 it is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many people who do, the problems can be resolved if the right support is made available, especially if accessed early enough.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Internet safety and harms</b>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• H11 that for most people the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits.</li> <li>• H12 about the benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing.</li> <li>• H13 how to consider the effect of their online actions on others and knowhow to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private.</li> <li>• H14 why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted.</li> <li>• H15 that the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health.</li> <li>• H16 how to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including that from search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted.</li> <li>• H17 where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online.</li> </ul> | <p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Relationships</li> <li>• Healthy Me</li> </ul> |
| <b>Physical health and fitness</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• H18 the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle.</li> <li>• H19 the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; for example, walking or cycling to school, a daily active mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise.</li> <li>• H20 the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity).</li> <li>• H21 how and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Healthy Me</li> </ul>                          |

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| <b>Healthy eating</b>             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• H22 what constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories and other nutritional content).</li> <li>• H23 the principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals.</li> <li>• H24 the characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, for example, obesity and tooth decay) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health).</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Healthy Me</li> </ul>                        |
| <b>Drugs, alcohol and tobacco</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• H25 the facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Health and prevention</b>      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• H26 how to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body.</li> <li>• H27 about safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer.</li> <li>• H28 the importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn.</li> <li>• H29 about dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist.</li> <li>• H30 about personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of handwashing.</li> <li>• H31 the facts and science relating to immunisation and vaccination</li> </ul> | <p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Healthy Me</li> </ul>                        |
| <b>Basic first aid</b>            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• H32 how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary.</li> <li>• H33 concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Healthy Me</li> </ul>                        |
| <b>Changing adolescent body</b>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• H34 key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes.</li> <li>• H35 about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Changing Me</li> <li>• Healthy Me</li> </ul> |

